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Single Market : regulatory environment, standardisation and New Approach
Standardisation

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Guidelines for the publication of references of standards in the Official Journal of the European Union

Introduction

The objective of this document is to assist the Commission services (EC sectorial units and unit ENTR-Standardisation) with guidelines on the way to handle the publication of the references of harmonised standards in the Official Journal.

Part I of these guidelines "*Practical steps*" explains the different procedures to be followed regarding the publication of the references of harmonised standards in the Official Journal. The explanations on what needs to be done by whom, and which concrete actions are to be taken, are presented in a questions and answers format.

Part II "*Clarifications on the harmonised layout*", provides explanations regarding a uniform harmonised template, to be used by the European Standards organisations (ESO) and the Commission services. The harmonised template itself is attached in the Annex.

The titles of the harmonised standards in Icelandic and Norwegian are to be published the same way in the EEA Supplement of the OJ as it is for the publication within the EU.

The harmonised template is made available by the EC/ENTR-Standardisation unit on its Intranet pages in all official EU languages.

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Part 1 Practical steps

1. How is the process of publication of the references of harmonised standards initiated?

The ESO send the references of adopted harmonised standards, in electronic format, to the Commission (ENTR-Standardisation Unit and EC sectorial units) with a copy to the EFTA secretariat. The list of e-mail addresses to be used is given in annex 2.

2. What is the content of the mailing?

The mailing consists of a formal letter from the ESO to the Commission and a list, for each directive and in all EU languages, of the references of harmonised standards to be published in the OJ.

In addition, it is desirable that the mailing includes more detailed information (sorted by directive) about new references (i.e. references of harmonised standards which are presented for the first time). This information enables the EC sectorial units to identify references of all new standards. The data for each new standard consists of their respective identification number with the year of availability, the title of the standard, the date of availability and number of the mandate under which the work is done.

Moreover, in the case of the presentation of a consolidated list (see 8.2), it is also suitable that the ESO communicates the 'out of date' standards (those deleted from the consolidated list). This list of 'out of date' standards, standards for which the date of cessation of presumption of conformity has passed, should be given in a separate section of mailing of the ESO.

3. Which checks does the EC sectorial unit have to make?

The sectorial unit has to make checks for each standard, the references of which are presented by the ESO for publication in the Official Journal on the following two levels:

a) on the presentation of the data:

- has the list been provided in all official EU languages?
- has the format and the uniform layout been kept ? (see part 2 and annex 1)

b) on the conformity of the content:

- is the standard covered by the relevant directive?
- is the standard subject to the relevant mandate?
- does the standard include an indication of the relationship between the clauses of the standard and the essential requirements?

(see “Role, elaboration and follow-up of mandates” documents which are available in the “Vademecum on European Standardisation” on the European Commission Enterprise DG Standardisation website at :
http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/standards_policy/vademecum/index.htm)

As a general rule, the Commission should not review the technical adequacy of the content of a standard. The ESO are responsible for the content and are expected to deliver correct data. Their procedures should ensure that the translated titles, as presented, refer to the correct identification number of the standard.

On the other hand, the sectorial units have to be aware that the publication of references of harmonised standards in the Official Journal has a legal effect and thus errors have to be avoided.

The full text of European standards is available as follows:

- CEN standards: The EC sectorial units can obtain on line access rights to the “CEN Standard Database” where full texts of standards are available for internal use in the Commission. Request for a password are to be sent to ENTR-Standardisation Unit (entr-standardisation@cec.eu.int);
- CENELEC standards (including IEC standards): CENELEC has provided entry rights to ENTR-Standardisation Unit to use the CENELEC on line access to its library. The EC sectorial units can obtain the text of a CENELEC standard (or, if needed, a password to access the CENELEC library) by sending their request to ENTR-Standardisation (entr-standardisation@cec.eu.int);
- ETSI standards: ETSI makes the text of ETSI standards publicly available. The ETSI standards are downloadable free of charge via their web site at <http://www.etsi.org>.

It has to be underlined that the full text of the CEN and CENELEC standards may only be used for internal Commission and internal EFTA purposes and may not be distributed. More information for Commission staff on “how to obtain the access rights” is available on the ENTR Standardisation unit’s website on the Intranet.

4. What must the EC sectorial unit do if one of the above-mentioned criteria is not followed for one or more standards of a given list?

If one of the criteria is not followed, the sectorial unit should NEITHER publish NOR modify the document but return it without delay by a formal letter to the ESO for revision. A decision has to be made by the sectorial unit to send back the whole list or to continue with the publication of the “valid” standard(s). ENTR-Standardisation should always be informed.

Thereafter, the European Standards Organisation concerned will retransmit the revised version (either the standard or the list) to the Commission (both to ENTR Standardisation Unit and the sectorial units) for publication.

Delays in publication should be avoided as far as possible. The presumption of conformity is delayed until the references of a standard are published in the Official Journal. When the EC sectorial unit requests the respective European Standards Organisation to correct the titles or any other data, a precise deadline should be indicated in order to prevent postponements in the publication.

In a case where, to the knowledge of the Commission services, the content of a standard may pose a problem, the best means to avoid unnecessary delays in publication, is to look at the standard at the stage of enquiry and/or prior to its final adoption. The problem should be addressed as a proactive measure.

5. What does the EC sectorial unit do, if it becomes aware that a standard would be challenged?

In principle, publication can only be postponed if there is a formal objection against a standard presented in accordance with the pertinent procedure laid down in the directive concerned.

Where, exceptionally, the Commission has substantiated indications, in particular from a Member State, that a standard in question may present a problem in compliance with the Directive, it is recommended to seek clearance before going for publication. *

The follow up in such case could be:

- discussion with the plaintiff or the challenging Member State;
- discussion with the working party/expert group/committee of the Directive;
- discussion with the responsible European Standardisation Organisation;
- discussion with the 98/34/EC Committee.

This informal search for clearance could clarify whether there would be really a need to proceed with a formal objection procedure.

The outcome of this investigation could result in one of the three alternatives:

1. the standard is adequate and the procedure for publication can continue;
2. the relevant European Standardisation Organisation is prepared to reconsider the standard;
3. the Commission or a Member State decides to proceed with a formal objection procedure (see below).

For more guidance on the administrative procedure “Formal objection to a standard”, please refer to document n° 49/99rev2 of the Committee of Standards and Technical Regulations. This document is available in the Vademecum on European Standardisation on the European Commission Enterprise DG Standardisation Policy website at http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/standards_policy/vademecum/index.htm

* It would help if the ESO prepares an informative summary table about the steps concerning standards under revision or development. EC sectorial units could then become more pro-active and they could intervene earlier.

The sectorial unit should inform the relevant European Standards Organisation (with informative copy to ENTR Standardisation Unit) about the problems encountered. This should be done by an official letter at an early stage.

Every formal objection against a standard will be subject of decision (acceptance or rejection) on the part of the Commission. Any Commission decision regarding the acceptance of a formal objection to a standard will be published in the Official Journal L series. Therefore in the case of publication of a consolidated list of references of harmonised standards in the Official Journal (C series), all Commission decisions, related to complete withdrawal or partial publication, should be taken into account. The EC services have to be vigilant.

6. What has to be done if a “mistake” is published in the Official Journal?

In the case of apparent inaccuracies and errors with regard to the published information in the Official Journal, the Commission (EC sectorial unit) has to initiate a corrigendum. Such errors may concern e.g. translation errors, references of standards which have been published by mistake, omission. If the source of such an error is within the European Standards Organisation, the EC sectorial unit should return to the relevant ESO (with an informative copy to ENTR Standardisation Unit) and ask for correction as soon as possible.

If the error is limited to a given language, it is recommended to publish this corrigendum in that particular language version.

Please note that such a “corrigendum” procedure cannot be used if a standard presents a problem in its content. In this case the formal objection procedure against a standard should apply (see clause 5 above).

7. Who requests the publication in the OJ?

The EC sectorial unit transmits the list of references of harmonised standards for each Directive (in all official EU languages) to the Secretariat General (SG-Publications-au-JO@cec.eu.int) via electronic mail only, with copy to ENTR Standardisation Unit (entr-standardisation@cec.eu.int).

Publication is considered as an administrative matter which is initiated by the responsible EC services.

The references are published by the Publications Office in the C series of the Official Journal under the item *Commission communication* (normally about one week after transmission by the sectorial units to SG).

As soon as the references of harmonised standards are published in the OJ, the updates are made available by ENTR-Standardisation Unit on the "New Approach-Harmonised

Standards" website at
http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/newapproach/standardization/harmstds/index_en.html .

8. What has to be understood by “List of new harmonised standards” and “Consolidated list of harmonised standards”?

8.1 List of new harmonised standards

It may be possible that, from time to time, a sectorial unit receives a list containing only “new” harmonised standards. These “new” harmonised standards could be either really brand new standards or could be revisions, replacing existing harmonised standards, or amendments to existing standards, the references of which have already been published. The references of each of these new harmonised standards will appear for the first time in the OJ. For this reason this publication is called “First” or “Initial” publication of the references of a harmonised standard.

To obtain an overview of all valid harmonised standards, two cases have to be considered:

- a. *There has never been a publication of a consolidated list* (see 8.2): the set of all published lists of new harmonised standards gives a complete overview of all harmonised standards, valid at that moment for a given directive.
- b. *There has previously been a publication of a consolidated list*: the last consolidated list, together with all lists of new harmonised standards published since the publication of that consolidated list, gives the complete overview of all harmonised standards valid at that moment for a given directive.

In order to enable the manufacturers to have this complete overview, each list of new harmonised standards should indicate at its end the references of the OJ, in which all such previous lists were published. It has to be underlined that each sectorial unit should keep a complete overview of all their publications of the lists they made.

8.2 Consolidated list of harmonised standards

In order to improve visibility and to facilitate the tasks for manufacturers and other interested parties, it is recommended to publish a consolidated list of harmonised valid standards at least once per year. A consolidated list is a list of all harmonised standards that give presumption of conformity at a certain moment (normally on the date of publication of this list in the OJ) in a given sector. It is up to the ESOs to provide such a consolidated list.

No ‘out of date’ harmonised standards may appear anymore in a consolidated list. A consolidated list replaces the whole set of previous valid lists (previous consolidated list and all lists of new harmonised standards published since the publication of the last consolidated list).

It has to be noted that a harmonised standard can in principle only be considered out of date:

- when it has been revised and under condition that its date of cessation of presumption has passed or
- when a Commission Decision (following a formal objection) has withdrawn its references from the OJ.

It has to be indicated at the end of a consolidated list that it replaces all previous lists. (It would be useful if the sectorial units keep a complete overview of these previous lists in their field of competence.)

It is preferable, from the point of view of the Commission, that the ESO provide only consolidated lists. The ESO should co-ordinate when they send lists of standards giving presumption of conformity to a same directive. These lists should arrive simultaneously at the Commission, in order to provide a simultaneous publication in the OJ.

9. What information is to be provided by the ESO ?

Information to be provided by the ESO is the information, necessary to identify a standard in a unique way and to inform the users on the applicability of the presumption of conformity.

The information which is required is as follows: (see part 2)

[1] ESO:

(see column 1 of model)

the acronym of the European Standardisation Organisation: CEN, CENELEC, ETSI.

[2] Reference and title of the harmonised standard (and reference document):

(see column 2 of model)

reference: identification number of the standard including its year of availability, presented according to the rules of the ESO;

title of the harmonised standard: title of the standard (in all official EU languages);

reference document: the reference document (e.g. ISO standard, IEC standard), if applicable, based upon which the harmonised standard has been established

The reference of Amendments (or corrigenda) shall be put in the same cell as the reference of the standard that they amend (or correct).

It is up to the ESO to send references of Corrigenda to standards to the EC for publication in the OJ. CEN will systematically send these references to corrigenda, whilst CENELEC will do it on a case by case basis.

In case of a consolidated list of references of harmonised standards or if there are revised or amended standards, the following supplementary information can be presented: (additional columns 3 to 4 of model on p.13 can be completed):

[3] Reference of the superseded standard:

(see column 3 of model)

if the standard, for which publication of the references has been requested, replaces an existing harmonised standard: the reference of the old harmonised standard.

[4] Date of cessation of presumption of conformity of superseded standard Note 1:

(see column 4 of model)

If a harmonised standard, for which the publication of the references in the OJ has been requested by the ESO, replaces an existing harmonised standard, the date when the presumption of conformity of this existing standard finishes is called the “date of cessation of conformity of superseded standard”.

The ESO indicate in column 4 the date of cessation of presumption of conformity. As a general rule, this date of cessation is identical to the date of withdrawal as determined by the ESO, i.e generally equal to the date of availability of the standard (dav) + 6 months for CEN standards and up to the date of ratification (dor) + 36 months for CENELEC standards. However, in exceptional cases, the date of cessation may need to be sooner or later than the date of withdrawal as proposed by the ESO. In such cases, the determination of the date of cessation belongs to the responsibility of the Commission services. In exceptional cases, the ESO, on request of a Technical Committee may propose a date of cessation of presumption of conformity which goes beyond usual limits. These exceptional delays should however not exceed, as a general rule, a period of 36 months after the date of availability.

Special case: For LVD^a standards containing a "certification clause" - in the mean time abandoned - there is a transitional arrangement where the date of cessation is equal to the end date of this "certification clause".^b

Attention has to be paid to the coherence between the date of cessation of presumption of conformity of the superseded standard and the date of the publication in the OJ. The manufacturers must not be confronted with a retroactive withdrawal of the presumption of conformity of a harmonised standard. That means that the date of cessation of presumption of conformity cannot be, as a general rule, a date prior to the date of publication of the OJ, but can only be the same date or a later date. If the date of cessation of presumption of conformity proposed by the ESO is prior to the date of publication in the OJ, the sectorial unit shall replace it with the wording “*The date of this publication*” in the column “date of cessation of presumption of conformity”. The

^a LVD = Low Voltage Directive

^b For LVD standards, there is the common understanding that the dow may exceptionally exceed dor + 36 months for those standards/amendments not altering the safety level.

translation of the expression “*The date of this publication*” in all EU languages is available from ENTR-Standardisation on request.

In the case of a publication of a consolidated list, the question arises whether all data about a superseded harmonised standard (its references and its date of cessation of presumption of conformity) must be published again. As a general rule, the data of a superseded harmonised standard will only be deleted from the list when the date of publication in the OJ of this consolidated list is after the date of cessation of presumption of conformity of this harmonised standard.

[] *Date of first publication in the Official Journal:*

The date of first publication in the Official Journal marks the beginning of the presumption of conformity for the standard in question.

If a specific sector decides that there is a strong need to provide the information regarding the date of first publication in the Official Journal, this EC sectorial unit may provide for this. An additional column can be added by the EC sectorial unit, entitled “*Date of first publication*” (The translation into all Community languages of the expression “*Date of first publication*” is available from ENTR-Standardisation Unit).

The concerned EC sectorial unit should complete this column with:

- either the number (C #) and the date (D.M.YYYY) of the Official Journal, in which the references of the harmonised standard were published for the first time (for already published references of a harmonised standard);
- or with the indication “*This is the first publication*” if it concerns new references of a standard which are published for the first time (for new initial references).

The EC sectorial unit should verify and make sure that the required (human) resources are available within the unit to complete and to update systematically and continuously the column “Date of 1st publication in the Official Journal”.

The ESO do not provide the data concerning the “Date of 1st publication in the Official Journal” to the Commission.

In order to establish traceability for the users of the standards regarding the history of presumption of conformity, it should be possible for them to consult the previous publications in the Official Journal. For this reason each new publication in the Official Journal should indicate the references of the previous publication(s) made in the Official Journal.

10. How are the references presented by the ESOs?

The ESO transmit the lists of references of harmonised standards in electronic format to the Commission, both to ENTR-Standardisation Unit and to the sectorial units.

The ESO present the lists as follows:

CEN and CENELEC:

- each list is given in Word format per EU language per Directive;
- these lists are transmitted for the same Directive in a compressed folder, Zip format;

The content of the lists are validated by CEN Project Managers and, if needed, by the CEN Consultants, before they are sent to EC. For CENELEC the content of the lists are also validated, where appropriate, by the Consultants before they are sent to the EC.

ETSI:

- each list is presented per EU language per Directive;
- the list is transmitted for the same Directive in a database format;

In addition to data provided according to clause 9 above, ETSI provides in each list an additional column which refers to the relevant requirements of the directive 1999/5/EC, in order to take into account the specificity of the R&TTE Directive.

It is possible that the ESO present references of single harmonised standards for initial publications.

11. What are the roles and the responsibilities (summarized) of the different actors?

ESO:

- are responsible for the content of the harmonised standards;
- are responsible for the information provided for each harmonised standard;
- are responsible for the quality checking of the translated titles;
- are responsible for offering all references of harmonised standards to the Commission;
- transmit the references of the adopted European standards to the Commission.

Commission services:

- EC sectorial units: are responsible for the process of publication (of the references of harmonised standards offered by the ESO) in the OJ;
- ENTR-Standardisation Unit co-ordinates the work and updates the web site “New Approach – Harmonised Standards”; provides an updated list of titles of directives in all languages to the ESO; owns the model in all EU languages

- Secretariat General: transmits the requests of the EC sectorial units to the Publications Office for publication in the Official Journal.

EFTA secretariat:

- proceeds with the publication in the EEA supplement of the OJ.

12. What is the harmonised layout for publication of references in the Official Journal?

The title of the list of references includes the following sentence “Commission Communication in the framework of the implementation of the”, and is completed by the ESO with the full official title of the concerned directive (no mention of potential amendments to the directive). A list of the titles of all concerned directives is kept updated and sent to the ESO by the EC (ENTR-Standardisation Unit). EFTA Secretariat provides the titles of directives in Icelandic and Norwegian to ESO.

Part II Clarifications on the harmonised layout

The uniform harmonised template is to be used for the publication of consolidated lists of references of harmonised standards in the Official Journal (a special template is used for the Construction Products Directive).

The uniform harmonised layout is accompanied by a set of specific and additional notes and footnotes to be used for the publications in the Official Journal. It is the decision of the ESO whether to use these notes or not. Notes 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3 will appear in all lists provided by CENELEC. They will not appear in lists provided by CEN, unless CEN decides otherwise. Lists published in the OJ referring to a directive for which both CEN and CENELEC standards provide presumption of conformity, will include notes 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3.

The term “scope” as used in notes 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3 is to be read in the sense of “products covered by the scope of the standard”.

An electronic version of the model is provided by the Commission to the ESOs, as well as a translation, in all Community languages, of the expression “*Commission Communication in the framework of the implementation of the*”

Model with clarifications

[The clarifications are edited in Arial font. The numbers of the columns **[1]** to **[4]** should not be copied.]

Commission communication in the framework of the implementation of the [full title of the directive]

(Text with EEA relevance)

(Publication of titles and references of harmonised standards under the directive)

<i>[1]</i>	<i>[2]</i>	<i>[3]</i>	<i>[4]</i>
ESO (1)	Reference and title of the harmonised standard (and reference document)	Reference of superseded standard	Date of cessation of presumption of conformity of superseded standard Note 1
CEN	EN 71-1:1998 Safety of toys – Part 1: Mechanical and physical properties	EN 71-1:1988	31.01.2001
CENELEC	EN 60079-7:2003 Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres - Part 7: Increased safety "e" (IEC 60079-7:2001)	EN 50019:2000 Note 2.1	01.07.2006

[the above data are incorporated in the table to show 2 examples]

(1) ESO: European Standardisation Organisations:

- CEN: rue de Stassart 36, B-1050 Brussels, Tel.(32-2) 550 08 11; fax (32-2) 550 08 19 (<http://www.cenorm.be>)
- CENELEC: rue de Stassart 35, B-1050 Brussels, Tel.(32-2) 519 68 71; fax (32-2) 519 69 19 (<http://www.cenelec.org>)
- ETSI: 650, route des Lucioles, F-06921 Sophia Antipolis, Tel.(33) 492 94 42 00 ; fax (33) 493 65 47 16, (<http://www.etsi.org>)

Note 1 Generally the date of cessation of presumption of conformity will be the date of withdrawal (“dow”), set by the European Standardisation Organisation, but attention of users of these standards is drawn to the fact that in certain exceptional cases this can be otherwise.

Note 2.1 The new (or amended) standard has the same scope as the superseded standard. On the date stated, the superseded standard ceases to give presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the directive.

Note 2.2 The new standard has a broader scope than the superseded standard. On the date stated the superseded standard ceases to give presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the directive.

Note 2.3 The new standard has a narrower scope than the superseded standard. On the date stated the (partially) superseded standard ceases to give presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the directive for those products that fall within the scope of the new standard. Presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the directive for products that still fall within the scope of the (partially) superseded standard, but that do not fall within the scope of the new standard, is unaffected.

Note 3 In case of amendments, the referenced standard is EN CCCCC:YYYY, its previous amendments, if any, and the new, quoted amendment. The superseded standard (column 3) therefore consists of EN CCCCC:YYYY and its previous amendments, if any, but without the new quoted amendment. On the date stated, the superseded standard ceases to give presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the directive.

[The wording "Note 1" will always appear in the title heading of the 4th column of the template.

The table will always be followed by the above text of note 1].

[Note 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 and 3

The wording "Note 2.1", "Note 2.1", ... , are put on the level of a standard in column 3 of template.

"Scope" as mentioned in notes 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3 has to be understood as "products covered by the scope"

The table will only be followed by the text of Note 2.1, Note 2.2, Note 2.3 or Note 3 if applicable. (For example, they will always appear in lists provided by CENELEC, and only on a case-by-case basis in lists provided by CEN)

The last column (Date of cessation of presumption of conformity of superseded standard) remains empty when the standard is a new one and/or does not supersede another harmonised standard. In such case CENELEC puts "-". The words "Not applicable" appear in column 4.]

[The notes could be followed by a concrete relevant example under the relevant directive]

Example: For EN 50014:1997, the following applies :

CENELEC	EN 50014:1997 Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres – General requirements (The referenced standard is EN 50014:1997)	None (There is no superseded standard)	–
	Amendment A1:1999 to EN 50014:1997 (The referenced standard is EN 50014:1997 +A1:1999 to EN 50014:1997)	Note 3 (The superseded standard is EN 50014:1997)	–
	Amendment A2:1999 to EN 50014:1997 (The referenced standard is EN 50014:1997 +A1:1999 to EN 50014:1997 +A2:1999 to EN 50014:1997)	Note 3 (The superseded standard is EN 50014:1997 +A1:1999 to EN 50014:1997)	–

NOTE:

- Any information concerning the availability of the standards can be obtained either from the European Standardisation Organisations or from the national standardisation bodies of which the list is annexed to the Directive 98/34/EC^a of the European Parliament and Council amended by the Directive 98/48/EC^b.
- Publication of the references in the *Official Journal of the European Union* does not imply that the standards are available in all the Community languages.
- This list replaces all the previous lists published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*. The Commission ensures the updating of this list.
- More information about harmonised standards on the Internet at <http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/newapproach/standardization/harmstds/>

[The table (list of references of harmonised standards) will always be followed at the end by the text of three of the above paragraphs (1st, 2nd and 4th §) under "NOTE".

The table will be followed by the 3rd paragraph "*This list replaces ...*" if the publication concerns a consolidated list of references of harmonised standards. This statement should not occur if the publication concerns 'new' standards (brand new standards or revised standards, replacing existing harmonised standards, which references have never been published before)

In the case of an initial publication as described in 8.1, the references of all previous publications made in the Official Journal have to be listed in a footnote. Please note that only the publication of the last consolidated list, if any, and all publications made since the last consolidated list have to be mentioned.]

^a OJ L 204, 21.7.1998, p.37.

^b OJ L 217, 5.8.1998, p. 18.

Part III Useful links

A “Standardisation related websites” page is available on the European Commission Enterprise & Industry DG Standardisation website on the Internet at http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/standards_policy/links/index.htm

Standardisation

General information on Standardisation Policy on EUROPA

http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/standards_policy/index_en.htm

New Approach Standardisation

Information on standards and standards activities

<http://www.newapproach.org>

New Approach - Harmonised Standards

References of harmonised standards on EUROPA

http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/newapproach/standardization/harmstds/index_en.html

CEN

European Committee for Standardization

<http://www.cenorm.be/>

CENELEC

European Committee for Electro-technical Standardization

<http://www.cenelec.org/>

ETSI

The European Telecommunications Standards Institute

<http://www.etsi.org/>

EFTA

The European Free Trade Association

<http://www.efta.int>

Annex 1

Commission communication in the framework of the implementation of the
[full title of the directive to be completed]

(Text with EEA relevance)

(Publication of titles and references of harmonised standards under the directive)

ESO (1)	Reference and title of the harmonised standard (and reference document)	Reference of superseded standard	Date of cessation of presumption of conformity of superseded standard Note 1

⁽¹⁾ ESO: European Standardisation Organisation:

- CEN: rue de Stassart 36, B-1050 Brussels, Tel.(32-2) 550 08 11; fax (32-2) 550 08 19 (<http://www.cenorm.be>)
- CENELEC: rue de Stassart 35, B-1050 Brussels, Tel.(32-2) 519 68 71; fax (32-2) 519 69 19 (<http://www.cenelec.org>)
- ETSI: 650, route des Lucioles, F-06921 Sophia Antipolis, Tel.(33) 492 94 42 00 ; fax (33) 493 65 47 16, (<http://www.etsi.org>)

Note 1 Generally the date of cessation of presumption of conformity will be the date of withdrawal (“dow”), set by the European Standardisation Organisation, but attention of users of these standards is drawn to the fact that in certain exceptional cases this can be otherwise.

Note 2.1 The new (or amended) standard has the same scope as the superseded standard. On the date stated, the superseded standard ceases to give presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the directive.

Note 2.2 The new standard has a broader scope than the superseded standard. On the date stated the superseded standard ceases to give presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the directive.

Note 2.3 The new standard has a narrower scope than the superseded standard. On the date stated the (partially) superseded standard ceases to give presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the directive for those products that fall within the scope of the new standard. Presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the directive for products that still fall within the scope of the (partially) superseded standard, but that do not fall within the scope of the new standard, is unaffected.

Note 3 In case of amendments, the referenced standard is EN CCCCC:YYYY, its previous amendments, if any, and the new, quoted amendment. The superseded standard (column 3)

therefore consists of EN CCCC:YYYY and its previous amendments, if any, but without the new quoted amendment. On the date stated, the superseded standard ceases to give presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the directive.

NOTE:

- Any information concerning the availability of the standards can be obtained either from the European Standardisation Organisations or from the national standardisation bodies of which the list is annexed to the Directive 98/34/EC^a of the European Parliament and Council amended by the Directive 98/48/EC^b.
- Publication of the references in the *Official Journal of the European Union* does not imply that the standards are available in all the Community languages.
- This list replaces all the previous lists published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*. The Commission ensures the updating of this list. [this note has only to be included in the case of a consolidated list]
- More information about harmonised standards on the Internet at <http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/newapproach/standardization/harm>

^a OJ L 204, 21.7.1998, p.37.

^b OJ L 217, 5.8.1998, p. 18.

**Contact details of EC sectorial units dealing with publications of references of harmonised standards in OJ
(under the New Approach or New Approach like directives)**

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ENTR.G2	<i>V. Leoz Argüelles</i>	M. Schmahl	93/15/EEC Explosives for civil uses	Entr-Chemicals@cec.eu.int
ENTR.H1	<i>G. Cozigou</i>	J. Renders	94/25/EC – 2003/44/EC Recreational craft	recreational-craft@cec.eu.int
		B. Martinez Arriola	2000/9/EC Cableway installations for persons	entr-cableways-directive@cec.eu.int
		V. Martins	96/48/EC - 2004/50/EC High-speed rail system	entr-aerosp-def-rail-mar@cec.eu.int

ENTR.H5	<i>L. Montoya</i>	I. Fraser	95/16/EC Lifts	lifts@cec.eu.int
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		D. Eardley	89/686/EEC - 93/68/EEC - 93/95/EEC - 96/58/EC PPE Personal Protective Equipment	ppe@cec.eu.int
		C. Mattiuzzo	94/9/EC ATEX	atex@cec.eu.int
		T. Brefort	89/336/EC - 92/31/EEC - 93/68/EEC 2004/108/EC EMC - Electromagnetic Compatibility	emc@cec.eu.int
		G. Hilpert	73/23/EEC - 93/68/EEC Low Voltage	lvd@cec.eu.int
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		D. Eardley	Noise 2000/14/EC	Entr-dir-noise@cec.eu.int
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ENTR.H6	<i>C. Brekelmans</i>	K. Steininger	87/404/EEC - 90/488/EEC - 93/68/EEC Simple Pressure Vessels	Entr-Vessels-Metrology@cec.eu.int
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		K. Steininger	97/23/EC Pressure Equipment	ped-info@cec.eu.int
		D. Hanekuyk	90/384/EEC - 93/68/EEC Non-automatic weighing instruments	entr-vessels-metrology@cec.eu.int
		D. Hanekuyk	2004/22/EC Measuring instruments	entr-vessels-metrology@cec.eu.int
ENTR.F3	<i>A. Carvalho</i>	A. Lacerda S. Frank	90/385/EEC - 93/42/EEC - 93/68/EEC Active implantable medical devices	Entr-medical-devices@cec.eu.int

ENTR.G3		A. Lacerda S. Frank	93/42/EEC - 98/79/EC - 2000/70/EC Medical devices	Entr-medical-devices@cec.eu.int
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ENTR.G2	<i>V. Leoz Argüelles</i>	D. Hadrich	Market restrictions for dangerous substances 76/769/EEC – 94/27/EC azocolourants 2002/61/EC nonylphenol, - ethoxylate and cement 2003/53/EC	Entr-chemicals@cec.eu.int
ENV.C4	<i>P. Vis</i>	M. Ferreiro Garcia	Waste incineration 2000/76/EC	peter.vis@cec.eu.int
ENV.C1	<i>P. Gammeltoft</i>	G. Paque	86/594/EEC Airborne noise by household appliances	peter.gammeltoft@cec.eu.int

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MARKT. E4	<i>J. Reinbothe</i>	D. Scheerens H. De la Motte	97/67/EC 2002/39/EC Postal services	markt-e4@cec.eu.int
SANCO B3	<i>B. Delogu</i>	E. Hansson M. Cintra	2001/95/EC General Product Safety	sanco-unit-b3@cec.eu.int
TREN.E2	<i>J-A. Vinois</i>	H. Kunst R. Ferravante	2001/16/EC 2004/50/EC Interoperability of the trans-European conventional rail system	jean-arnold.vinois@cec.eu.int
TREN.D1	<i>L. Werring</i>	A. Brisaer M. Kestner	92/42/EEC - 93/68/EEC Efficiency requirements for new hot- water boilers 2000/55/EC Energy efficiency requirements for ballast for fluorescent lighting	luc.werring@cec.eu.int

TREN.D1	<i>L. Werring</i>	A. Brisaer M. Kestner	<p><i>Other directives referring to standards</i></p> <p>96/57/EC Energy efficiency requirements for household refrigerators, freezers</p> <p>Commission directives implementing Council Directive 92/75/EC with regard to energy labelling of:</p> <p>95/12/EC household washing machines</p> <p>98/11/EC electric lamps</p> <p>97/17/EC dishwashers</p> <p>96/60/EC washer-driers</p> <p>95/13/EC tumble driers</p> <p>94/2/EC household electric refrigerators, freezers and their combinations</p> <p>2002/31/EC household air-conditioners</p> <p>2002/40/EC household electric ovens</p>	luc.werring@cec.eu.int
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Acronym Directorate-General

ENTR	Enterprise & Industry
ENV	Environment
MARKT	Internal Market
SANCO	Health and Consumer Protection
TREN	Energy and Transport

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